The Nationalist.

FREEDOM. TRUTH, AND JUSTICE.

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THE NATIONALIST.

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—BY—

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H. J. BYRNE.....EDITOR.

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ONWARD.

[BY SPERANZA.]

Beautiful Ireland? Who will preach to thee?
Souls are waiting for lips to vow;
And outstretched hands that fain would reach to thee
Yearn to help, if they knew but how,
To lift the thorn-wreath off thy brow.

Passionate dreamers have fought and died for thee,
Poets poured forth their lava song;
But dreamer and poet have failed as a guide for thee—
Still are unriven the chains of wrong,
Suffering Ireland! Martyr nation!
Blinded with tears thick as mountain mist;
Who of all the new generation
Will change them to glory, as hills when kissed
By the sun flash opal and amethyst?

Welcome a hero! A man who can lead for us,
Sifting true men from the chaff and weeds;
Daring and doing like those who, indeed, for us
Proved their zeal by their life and deeds.

Ireland! wake from thy vain despairing!
Grand the uses of life may be;
Heights are reached by heroic daring,
Crowns are won by the brave and free,
And Nations create their own destiny.

Ireland rests mid the rush of progression,
Like a frozen ship in a frozen sea;
And the changeless stillness of life's stagnation
Is worse than the wildest waves could be,
Rending the rocks eternally.

Trumpet-tongued, to a people sleeping,
Who will speak with magic command;
Bidding them rise—these dead men, keeping
Watch by the dead in a silent land?

Grandly, solemnly, earnestly preaching,
Man's great gospel of freedom and light;
With lips like saints' in their love beseeching,
And hand as strong as a prophet's to smite
For Truth and Humanity's chartered right.

Earth is thrilling with new aspirations,
Rending the fetters that bar and ban;
But we alone of the Christian nations
Fall to the rear in the march of man.

Alas! can I help? but a nameless singer—
Weak the words of a woman to save;
We wait the advent of some light-bringer,
Strong to roll the stone from the grave,
And summon to life the death-bound slave.

Down from heights of the Infinite drifting,
To raise the poisoned soul from its gloom;
Like white angels of God, uplifting
Seal and stone from the Saviour's tomb.

Yet, hear me now, for a Nation pleading;
Strike! but with weapons yet keener than steel;
Flash on the path the New Age is treading,
As sparks from the groove of the iron wheel,
In star-flames its motion and march reveal.

Work by the shore where our broad ocean rages,
Bridging it over by wraiths of steam;
Linking two worlds by a chain, that sages
Forged in the heat of a science dream,

For Nature has stamped us with brand immortal,
The highway of nations our Land must be;
We hold the keys of the Old-World portal,
We guard the pass of the Western Sea—
Ireland, sole in her majesty.

Work! there is work for the thinker and doer,
And glory for all when the goal is won;
So we are true to our country, or truer
Than planets that roll round a central sun.

Call from the hills our own Irish eagle,
Spread its broad plumes on "The Green" of old;
With a sun-rise blaze, as a mantle regal,
Turning the dusk-brown wings to gold—
Symbol and flag be it then unrolled!

Face the sun with as proud a daring,
Tread the heights with a step as grand,
Breast the storm with brave hearts unfearing,
As kings might do for their rightful land.

Irish daring by land and river,
Irish wealth from mountain and mine,
Irish courage, strong to deliver,
Irish love as strong to combine
Separate chords in one strain divine.

These are the forces of conquering power,
Chains to rend from mountain to sea;
Speak and save—O Men of the hour!
The Freedman is he who the Truth makes free.

A chin that's never shaved.—An ur-chin.

United States Items.

The Total Abstinence Union of America, with headquarters in Washington, D. C., has already upon its roll one hundred and forty societies, and look forward to a large increase of that number. The Irish papers, without exception, give the temperance cause their best support.

Ex-Governor Geary died suddenly last Monday in Harrisburg.

The average Englishman brings abroad his wife-beating and wife-killing propensities. Here is a New York telegram which arrived here in the beginning of the week: "Another brutal wife-murder was committed last night. Charles Hoey, an Englishman, aged 38 years, living at 649 East Thirteenth street, recently abandoned his family and went West. Thursday he returned, bought two single-barreled pistols, loaded them, and last night went to the room in which were his wife and children; locked the door, and without a word fired both pistols at his wife, one of the balls going through the lungs, and the other through the neck. The murderer was arrested while attempting to escape."

Definite legislation for the suppression of polygamy in Utah is promised; but as Brigham Young and many of the Mormon ladies are millionaires, the action against them will amount to nothing.

Over $40,000,000 of profits were made by the Union Pacific contractors out of themselves as disinterested contractors.

The new coinage bill goes into effect on the 1st of April.

Michael Fox, of Brooklyn, N. Y., kicked his son, eight years old, to death, because the little fellow would not go out to buy liquor on credit for the drunken brute.

The Sacramento Board of Education have abolished all distinction of race and color, and have resolved to admit colored and Chinese children into the public schools on the same footing as white children. This procedure has given great dissatisfaction in many quarters.

Governor Geary the great Labor Reformer was burried on Thursday last.

Preparations are ordered to be made for the President's Inauguration.

California is attracting particular attention in the East on account of the Goat Island question.

Several U. S. war ships have been ordered to Spanish waters.

In New Orleans arrangements are being made to bring the differences so long existing to a satisfactory ending.

Street car travel has been impeded in New York by severe snow storms. Eastern folks known to reside in San Francisco are called upon for their experience of a California winter.

While the public mind is agitated on account of the "*Credit Mobelier* and other signs of corruption at the seat of government it is interesting to learn that frauds of much greater extent than any ever perpetrated in this country have been discovered against the officials of the Prussian Government.

The Credit Mobiller investigation proves the existence of fearful corruptions at the seat of Government.

In New York the Knights of St. Patrick have elected Richard O'Gorman President, and John Mitchell's son, James, Vice-President.

The Irish Emigrant Society, at their annual meeting in 51 Chambers street, N. Y., elected James Lynch President, and William P. Byrne Treasurer. The finances of this society are in the best condition.

Dr. Hugh Williamson was dangerously shot in New York on Sunday last by a man named Quist, whose wife Williamson had taken to a party.

The noted abortionist, Rosenweig, of New York, is to be held for trial for murder in the first degree.

The Mayor of Tallahasse has disappeared with $7,000 of the city funds. As this sum is a small one, he will probably be caught and punished.

Two expeditions to Cuba have been landed successfully. The insurgents in the Eastern and central departments are unusually active and hopeful.

England.

Nine persons killed, and many more seriously wounded in a railway collision at Dunbar on the North British line. Had such a catastrophe taken place in Ireland, our ears would have been assailed by endless tirades against Irish blundering; but as it happened on the other side of the channel, it comes down to a simple accident, with nobody to blame.

The Duke of Richmond, in the House of Lords, expressed his surprise that the Queen's speech of Thursday, February 6th, made no reference to the army, though desertions from the ranks were more frequent than ever before.

Richard Spencer was hanged at Kirkdale, England, for the crime of brutal murder. The man was born in an English jail, and his father was hanged for murder many years ago.

It is estimated that three thousand children are annually smothered by their mothers in England.

AN ENGLISH DRUNKARD KILLS HIS FATHER.—A shocking case of fatal savagery by a son is reported from Darbyshire, England. Wm. Warner, 74 years of age, lodged at the house of his son, laborer, at Clowne, near Eckington, and on the 24th ult., the latter returned home drunk, scolded his wife because she had not prepared his meal, and struck her a violent blow. The father, who was sitting by, remonstrated with his son, who immediately turned round and kicked him in various parts of the body. The father cried out, "O dear, you'll kill me," to which the son replied he would do so then and there, if he did not hold his tongue, and he then repeated his bratality. The father soon afterwards went to bed. Next day he crawled to the house of an old friend named Pattison, at Welbeck, a village four miles off, where his wounds were dressed, but as his condition became critical, he was sent back in a van to his son's house. His son came in drunk, while the father was lying across three chairs, and expressing his surprise that his father was not yet dead, he seized his head and threw it back against the chair. The old man died in a few minutes.

Punch itself is owned, edited, and supported by "jolly British snobs," so that it can be quoted as authority on snobbery. The Englishman's reverence for royalty has grown to be a national superstition, or to put it more correctly, it has become the Englishman's national religion.

Foreign.

Russia is establishing marine schools and training depots in all her seaports.

The English emigrants who went to Brazil some months ago, are begging for aid to enable them to leave that country.

The disorganization of monarchical rule in Spain is rapidly progressing. Carlist bands overrun the northern provinces, and have appeared as far south as Toledo. The army of Amadeus is believed to be greatly disaffected, and Amadeus himself, seeing the utter improbability of a successful reign, has tendered his resignation. The Cortes will assume the reins of Government as before his coming. Meantime, the Republicans are strenuous in their efforts, and on the whole their prospects are encouraging. It would be a triumph for European republicanism if it were fully demonstrated that no monarch whatever can rule in Spain. The confusion in that country will aid the cause of the Cuban insurgents considerably. Notwithstanding the advance of the Carlists, the Republicans of Spain are confident of ultimate triumph.

The new national flag adopted by China looks like a bed-quilt, with lobsters running round the edges.

Paul Seresole, just elected President of the Swiss Confederation, is the grandson of one of the officers of Napoleon I.

The Republicans of Spain are making steady preparations for successful action in the event of King Amadeus resigning.

Spain is declared a republic without any bloodshed. We live in a fast age, and there is no knowing what nation may be next to fall into line.

In the English House of Lords some of the *noble* individuals find it difficult to swallow the Washington treaty, and characterize it as being exceedingly humiliating to England. No doubt; but it is not the first time they have eat humble pie, and may not be the last.

The ex-King of Spain has returned to his papa with a report that his Kingship is a failure.

The new government elected in Spain promises well for the permanency of the Republic.

Twenty million francs was subscribed by the Bourbons to operate against the Spanish Republic. If the descendants of every Royal family were hung, it would be a blessing for humanity as well as France and Spain.

A dispatch received in Madrid on the 13th, the day after the Republic was proclaimed, announces the recognition by the Washington Government of the Spanish Republic.

California Items.

A fine coal mine has been discovered in Amador county.

Since 1848, California has yielded gold to the amount of $643,121,449, besides large sums taken away by individuals who never gave the public any account of it.

St. Patrick's day will be duly celebrated in Sacramento and other important cities of the State.

The jury empanelled to try Blakely, the Treasurer of Santa Cruz county, for robbery, disregarded Mortimer's evidence, but failed to agree in finding Blakely guilty.

Mortimer's own trial for the murder of Mrs. Gibson, is postponed to the 12th of March.

The Russian Advance on India.

Some persons imagine that Irishmen, anxious for any embroilment which might give them a square opportunity of getting even with England, are disposed to magnify the difficulty anent the Russian affair. Aside from Irish influences altogether, here is what the Chicago *Journal* says on the subject:

The Russians, notwithstanding the energetic protest of England against the invasion of Afghanistan, on their expedition to Khiva, have struck the first blow of the campaign by the capture of Fort Hissar, in the suburbs of Cabul, the residence of the Chief or Governor of Cabul, who was taken prisoner and sent to Russia. As Cabul is the capital of Northern Afghanistan, and has an immense trade with Hindostan, the Russians have thus seriously menaced England at once, and have placed them in a position which must speedily reduce the whole of Afghanistan to a Russian province, and seriously threaten Turkestan also. The city of Cabul has a very interesting history, and has often been the scene of bloody conflicts. It is a fortified city on the Cabul river, and Fort Hissar or Bala Hissar (palace of the Kings) is situated at the Eastern end. This citadel comprises the residences of the Governor, various Government officers, royal gardens, and inner fort, and a small town of 5,000 inhabitants. Cabul itself is divided into districts, inclosed with walls, each of which can be isolated from the other, so as to form a separate fortress, like Bala Hissar. Its total population is about 60,000. It carries on an extensive trade, importing the precious metals, fire-arms, paper, tea, cotton goods, broadcloth, velvets, iron wares, etc., from the Russian dominions and China, and exporting them to Hindostan. It has also a large market for corn and cattle, and is noted for its great variety of fruits, to which Moore alludes in his "Lalla Rookh":

"pomegranates full
Of melting sweetness, and the pears
And sunniest apples that Cabul
On all its thousand gardens bears."

The Chiefship of Cabul extends to the Hindoo Roosh, where England's East Indian rule commences. The chief who has so speedily fallen into Russian hands is Dost Mohammed, whose army amounted to 25,000 infantry, and from 12,000 to 13,000 horses.

The capture of Cabul, or its virtual capture, which must result from the capture of Fort Hissar, is a direct blow at England in her most vital spot, as it affects her commercial interests. It also affords a very clear indication that the mere punishment of the Khan of Khiva is but a pretext. Khiva must be reached by marching through Afghanistan; but, to effect this, it was not necessary to strike the first blow at the capital of Afghanistan, for a power like Russia could have marched her army through Afghanistan almost without resistance. The capture of Cabul undoubtedly means the capture of Afghanistan, and this once accomplished, Turkestan falls also, and Russian supremacy will stand face to face with the English along the line of the Hindoo Roosh, the great mountain chain of Central Asia. The Russian career of conquest has commenced. Its objective point is Constantinople and the command of the Mediterranean. It has struck the first blow, notwithstanding the remonstrances of England, and with an utter indifference to the expressions of that country, which will gall her to the quick. Whether England will resort to arms remains to be seen. If she does not now, she must eventually, when the conquests of Russia are pushed so far as to imperil English interests in the East.

European Immigrants.

Prussia and Italy, in their endeavor to consolidate and strengthen their several monarchical systems, maintain large standing armies, and support a countless horde of government officials. The expense of all this falls heavily on the working classes, and many of them are flying from their native land as from a region threatened by pestilence. The British rejoiced when Irishmen were emigrating by the hundred thousand; but the authorities in Italy and Prussia take a very different view of a like matter. The Government of both countries look with very grave alarm at the exodus of their people. The young men most elegible for conscription into the army, are shaking the dust of Eastern Prussia from their feet, and making their way to Hamburgh and other ports, whence they embark for the United States. The Italian papers declare that the different provinces of Italy are being drained of their *life blood*, and that immediate remedies should be applied to stop its flowing. The Italians who rush from their country are neither robbers nor beggars, but industrious, hard working persons. By tens of thousands they have gone into Croatia, Hungary and other parts of the Austrian Empire. In Vienna they are employed on the erection of the buildings intended for the World's Fair during the coming summer. And in Hungary they are working on the railroad lines just as our own countrymen did twenty years ago.

Seeing the poverty of these Italians, the bright idea struck some heartless speculators that out of their very poverty some gains might be extracted. Accordingly, an Italian Immigration Company was organized, and ship-loads of Italians were embarked for South America; but through a piece of the vilest swindling, they have been landed penniless in New York, and, as a consequence, where their language is so little known, much suffering on their part has to be endured. Benevolent efforts are being made to help them, and we hope with success; but the action of such speculators none the less demands reprobation.

In another section, the Highlands of Scotland, which have produced some of the finest soldiers England has ever had, are being so weeded of their last inhabitants that even the Marquis of Lorne publicly deplores the evil, and frantically appeals to the remnant of the Celtic population, that if they will emigrate they should avoid the United States, and patriotically consign themselves to the British colonies. When the mother country, or rather the aristocracy thereof, has consigned their clan lands and humble homesteads into deer parks and shooting reserves, it would be a miraculous patriotism which should induce them to prefer monarchy to republicanism and the Saxon ensign to the Stars and Stripes. The great majority of them, therefore, are seeking the free shores of the United States, and will most probably be soon among its most loyal citizens. As a general rule our own countrymen, when they have to emigrate, do likewise. While Italy, Prussia and Great Britain lose, the United States gain; and with material mercenaries, republicanism gains the material of staunch defenders, which is as it should be.

Letter from St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, February 9, 1873.

EDITOR NATIONALIST:—In one of your articles as to the necessity of a Grand Convention of Delegates from the various revolutionary organizations of the United States, you seem to me to have touched on a matter of the utmost importance. Since the formation of the rival Fenian wings, and their subsequent collapse, we have been drifting aimlessly and almost hopelessly on the tide of events. The action of the United Irishmen seemed to revive our expectations for a season; but as that society was merged into the Irish Confederation, we turned our gaze to watch that new star in the firmament. No body of men ever had before the same opportunity and material for building up a grand Irish organization on this continent as had the Irish exiles, Rossa and the rest, two years ago. Their patriotism, earnestness, and self-devotion are unquestioned; but their failure in the work of combining their countrymen into a great national phalanx must be admitted. The majority of the clubs organized by them have gone to pieces; and the fact is patent that though millions strong, but a few thousands of Irishmen are practically engaged in giving encouragement and assistance to the revolutionists at home. Now, however much we may respect the members of the Directory of the Irish Confederation, the best interests of the cause we advocate have higher claims than those of any man or set of men whatever. If, therefore, it has become evident to the greater portion of the Irish Nationalists now residents in the United States that our present mode of action is unavailing and inadequate, ought we not take some practical step to set ourselves on the best and shortest road which may lead to Irish freedon? Predilections and prejudices must go overboard where so much is at stake, petty jealousies and private hobbies must be sacrificed for the public good, and no man, no matter what may be his antecedents, should be allowed to obstruct the way. We are just now sadly in need of the Grand Convention you have spoken of, but it should be a Convention of thinkers not babblers, of men who will think more of Ireland than of themselves, and who will give us something plainly practical instead of something mystically theoretic. Across the Atlantic portentous signs are thickening, and if we neglect the work before us the curses of unborn millions should be showered upon us.

Which of our newspapers then will advocate the holding at some central point of this much needed Convention? Which of our prominent Irishmen will advocate it? How many of our organizations will lay aside private bickerings, and make one supreme effort for national unity? How many of the leaders who have led us nowhere will descend into the ranks, admitting that principles are higher than men, and that the triumph of our cause is the objective point we should aim at, not, the exaltation of this body or that. Ventilate this subject, and oblige

Yours, C.

ENGLISH CIVILIZATION

While treating this subject, John McGonigal thus expresses himself about one of its characteristics:—

Wife-beating is another pastime of these "civilized" Englishmen. I submit that the man who beats his wife is not only a brute but worse than any brute, and yet we see every week numerous cases in wife-beating recorded as having taken place in London, Liverpool, Manchester, Birmingham, Sheffield, Leeds, Bury and in every city and town in England where these wife beating villians are fined in sums ranging from $2-50 to $7.50 or from three to ten, and in some cases up to twenty days imprisonment, whereas some of them ought to get as many years imprisonment without the alternative of a fine. But, of worse, this is "civilization." The simple fact of a man being imprisoned for twenty days for beating his wife nearly to death is a sufficient proof of the inhumanity of the law-breakers and the brutal instinct of those who make the laws. But suppose a law were passed to inflict a punishment of seven years on a wife-beater, English morality would be almost as bad as it is. For one woman who prosecutes her husband there are a hundred who withstand all abuse and let their husbands go unpunished. These unhappy women are afraid of being absolutely murdered after their husbands coming out of prison, and that is why some of these women do not prosecute them. Others of them have large familes and are afraid that if their husbands were imprisoned, the children would starve; while a third section of the abused wives are so fearfully ignorant as to think that their husbands have a right to beat them. But if these women are ignorant, they deserve all the more pity. Their ignorance is not their own fault, but the fault of the system that should instruct and protect them. It is utter nonsense to talk of laws to stop this practice of wife-beating. It has become so general that no law can stop it. Nothing can stop it other than a higher tone of morality. These wife-beaters have been known to take the stump and advocate the right of man to beat his wife, whilst others have acted the Pharisee by presiding at evangelical meetings. The Pharisees were singing psalms whilst their wives were at home applying wet cloth and healing salves to the wounds inflicted by their brutal and pharasaical husbands. A man is considered by these fellows "no man at all" if he does not beat his wife occasionally. This is their idea of the sanctity of married life. It appears to be their natural element, and nothing but the fear of death hinders many of these inhuman monsters from murdering outright their wives. And yet after all, this with every other inhuman trait of the Anglo-Saxon character is called "civilization."

Great flourish is given to the accounts of bull fights in Spain and ancient Rome. But if it shocks the tender feelings of English evangalists to read of these things abroad, how great must be their horror to witness infinitely worse and more inhuman exhibetions at home. There is no word at all about the "civilized" Englishmen with steel spurs on their clogs, who are spurring one another to death in Lancashire, Yorkshire, Berkshire and almost every shire and town in England. It is positively shocking to think that such practices would be tolerated in any country having the slightest pretensions to civilization, and it is something approaching to blasphemy to call such people christians,

THE NATIONALIST.

SAN FRANCISCO, FEBRUARY 16, 1873.

OUR PAPER.

Wanted, immediately, the friends of Ireland, and the friends of universal freedom, to subscribe for the NATIONALIST, the antagonist of everything sectional or sectarian, the denouncer of humbug and fraud, the foe to monarchy and tyranny, the friend of republicanism and free institutions, the champion of human rights and the rights of humanity.

To make this Journal what it can become, a credit to the people for whom it is written, extensive patronage is needed; therefore, send in your subscriptions and advertisements at once, and make your friends do likewise. This is the time to be practical.

Answers to Correspondents.

P. J. M., San Jose:—We are fully as much down on canting snivelling as you desire. We don't believe that men must be enslaved in this life to fit them for happiness in the next. We object to being long-winded; for if we can't induce our readers to think for themselves, any homily of ours is useless. You say truly that "what the Irish people need above all things is individual independence and self-reliance, and until that is preached to them boldly, and they act upon it, it is the sheerest folly to look for national independence." We will be glad to hear from you at length on this subject, and shall cheerfully give publicity to your views.

KANSAS CITY:—Letter to hand. Will do what is possible in the matter. Write again, and at greater length. Suggestions will receive the best attention. The idea of the Grand Convention is gaining ground, and will probably be acted upon. Send on the names of subscribers.

J. K. Tomales:—We shall be glad to advocate the claims of your locality, but you must keep us posted. The proposition referred to in your letter we would like to hear further from you on.

E. G., San Rafael:—Thanks for your generous assistance. We expected nothing less from so prominent a Nationalist.

YELLOW BELLY:—The recollections of your native town must indeed be slight. Wexford was a very important city, and the remains of the wall is still in existence, upon which you can drive a stage coach.

J. J. L., Nortonville:—At the head of our columns the terms for a club are stated. C. J. Barron's address is 815 Market street. See his advertisement on the third page.

OUR HOPES.

That the restoration of Ireland to a position among the nations is the dearest wish of nineteen out of every twenty of her children is a fact too well known to need proof, but it is also true that a large proportion of them have little hope for its accomplishment. The thought of Ireland a nation is too dear to be entirely abandoned except with life; but many Irishmen, especially abroad, practically do despair of ever seeing it. They see England every day adding to her already enormous resources, and the disproportion between her power and that of Ireland seems so great as almost to preclude hope of success for the weaker nation. It is true that England no longer occupies the same commanding place in the world that she filled from Waterloo to the Crimean war. Her rulers have borne meekly snubs and rebuffs from nearly every power of the world, and they make no secret of their dread of war; but still the material resources of the country are greater than ever. Her vessels since the war have again monopolized the commerce of the world; her manufactures are drawing the wealth of every land to her shores; her population, in spite of its density, still grows rapidly; the enormous taxes needed to defray the cost of Government are raised without difficulty, and even in excess of immediate demands. There is no use in denying these facts. They are undeniable; and we may as well look them straight in the face. There is no use in hiding from ourselves the nature of the task before us like children rolling their heads up in the bed clothes at night. Nevertheless, admitting them all—admitting that England to-day is the richest, and, in a material point of view, the most prosperous country on the face of the earth, we fearlessly say there *is* hope for Irish independence. Our hopes are based upon two facts, each just as undeniable as it is that half the shipping of the world flies the red flag of England. One is the knowledge derived from the history of more than thirty centuries, that overgrown national wealth ever breeds national corruption, and the signs of hidden weakness that can be seen even in the prosperity of England. As in Carthage of old, and Spain of two centuries ago, the possession of wealth has destroyed the military spirit of her people. The fifty thousand men required for the Crimea, or the still smaller force needed to put down the Indian mutiny, could only be raised from the twenty-three millions of Englishmen and Scotchmen in the British dominions, not to speak of the six and a half millions of Irishmen, whose unwillingness to accept the Saxon shilling certainly did not arise from too much luxury at home. Add to these the peculiarly exposed nature of the British Empire, on whose Indian frontiers are already heard afar the tramp of the Russian armies, and it requires no prophet to tell that rude shocks are in store for England. The other fact on which we base our hopes, is the tenacity of life of the Irish race. We have gone through so much that we may reasonably presume that *our* time of destruction is not yet at hand; and there is, moreover, a perceptible growth in the strength and intelligence of our people that gives evidence of increasing vitality. "Time and I against any two," says the Spanish proverb; and if any people in the world has got time on its side it is the one which has survived Elizabeth, James, Cromwell, and the Penal laws. The signs of impending changes are thick around us. Hungary an independent nation eighteen years after her conquest by Russia and Austria combined, France and Spain republics, and Russia advancing to the Himalaya, are all warnings to us that our political salvation is no idle dream or mere *ignis fatiues*. Let us bide our time, and prepare, by steady patent work, to take advantage of it when it comes, and in good earnest there is hope for Irelnnd.

THE REPUBLIC OF SPAIN.

The news from Madrid this week is of a sufficiently startling character. The young Italian Prince who, at the call of Prim, undertook to play the part of King of Spain, has found the task too hard a one, and so without a revolution or pronunciamento, and all unexpected by the world at large, he has voluntarily laid down the crown of Ferdinant and Isabella. As the difficulty experienced by the Cortes in procuring an occupant for the vacant throne the last time they needed such an official had convinced them that it would be next to impossible to find a suitable successor, they came to the conclusion of following the example of their neighbors beyond the Pyrenees, and almost unanimously proclaimed a republic. The events of the last two years have evidently convinced the Cortes, which was so strongly monarchist, that a republic is the only available forn of government for Spain. The very fact that republican institutions are thus adopted from deliberate conviction of their necessity, and not through a mere desire of change, is a good guarantee for their permanence in the Peninsula. It must not be concealed, however, that their establishment is far from secure : s yet, and that the new government is likely to have stormy times before it. A form of government which has existed for fourteen centuries, and which is identified with some of the most brilliant pages in the world's history, will not be laid aside without regrets from a large part of the Spanish population, and it will need the most consummate prudence to guide the nation safely through the change. The great obstacle to the success of republican institutions in Europe has ever been the excesses of the "Reds," or radicals, who take advantage of every change to attempt the complete overthrow of law and order. The number of these gentry in Spain is fortunately not large—far less than either in France or Italy—but they have a leader of considerable talent in Castellar, the eminent Spanish orator who is one of the Ministers of the new republic. The first danger to the permanence of the republic will doubtless arise from this quarter; but another, and even more serious one, will spring from the ambition of military leaders. For the last thirty years nearly all the ruling Ministers of Spain have been soldiers, Espartero, O'Donnell, Naervaez, Prim, and Serrano, and it is not likely that ambitious officers with armies at their backs, will be more moderate under a republic than under the rule of a monarch. The example of Spanish America, which is only now settling down into some kind of order, is a striking example of the dangers Spain has to encounter from this latter source, though we sincerely hope she may be more fortunate in dealing with them than her former colonies have been. Apart from the two dangers of radicalism and military ambition, republicanism has a better chance in Spain than in any other country of Europe. Her people have for centuries been accustomed to municipal self-government to an extent unknown elsewhere in Europe. There is scarcely a family even in the country districts, the head of which is not a citizen of some town or village whose officers are chosen by popular election. These municipal rights are highly prized by the people, and will form an invaluable part of any genuine republican system. The people, besides, are less impulsive than their French neighbors, and above all they are less corrupt in manners and ideas than almost any other nation on the European continent. Their patriotism is no mere word, but has been proved over and over again during the present century as ready to face any odds for the honor of Spain. Local prejudices, unfortunately, divert this current of patriotism to some extent from its true course (very much as in Ireland), but this is an evil which will wear itself out by degrees, and the heart of the nation is sound. For all these reasons we look to the future of the Spanish republic, though not without fear, yet on the whole with hope. As Irishmen, we are particularly interested in its success. Probably no other European nation—not even France—has more points of analogy with the Irish character than Spain has. Similar virtues and similar faults, with due allowance for the different histories of the two nations, are to be found in both, and a traveler passing from the west of Ireland to Gallicia or Asturias, except for the language, would almost believe himself among the same people. Spain flourishing under republican institutions would be a telling example for Ireland, and so we heartily wish God speed to the new republic.

The Chinese question is beginning to pinch in Pennsylvania, if we are to judge by the petition presented to Congress by Mr. McLelland, setting forth the grievances of the American workingmen occasioned by the introduction of cheap coolie labor, and requesting Congress to pass a law to prohibit the introduction of laborers under contract made in China. Several months since a petition was forwarded from this coast, but no attention was paid to it. Now the Eastern States are beginning to feel the effects of what they considered we had no right to complain of.

PARLIAMENTARY TACTICS.

A good many of the members of our Irish Conventions do not seem aware of the importance of parliamentary tactics. Gentlemen who have conceived a plan of any kind, it may be on matters of high importance, will suddenly introduce it in a busy Convention without taking any steps beforehand to bring it to the notice of the other members, or to discuss its bearings with them. We have in our mind an excellent measure proposed at the late Convention, which has been condemned to the slow death of a committee for no other reason than its untimely introduction. Members of a Convention are often too apt to forget that points which strike their minds forcibly, have in all liklihood never attracted the attention of their fellows, and that some time and thought are required to make even the best conceived measures satisfactory to a large body. Moreover it may not seldom happen that difficulties in the way may not be seen by the originator of a measure which will strike his neighbor at once, and may immediately lead to its modification. For these and many other reasons, a much larger amount of preliminary discussion should be given to important questions, than is usually done at present, before the assembling of Conventions. It may be pleasing to the self-esteem of an individual to keep to himself the entire merit of a public measure which he purposes to suddenly reveal to his admiring colleagues, but unfortunately it will generally happen the very suddenness of its revelation will prevent it from being ever carried into practice. We are far from recommending the introduction of "cut and dried" resolutions and measures as the rule of action for our Conventions, but we most certainly do hold that all important measures ought to have received a certain amount of informal discussion before being brought to the notice of a Convention. Another point which needs to be called to the mind of delegates is that before nominating candidates for official positions they should by right consult the wishes of the proposed candidates. It may often happen that for good and perfectly satisfactory reasons, a seemingly fit and proper person to nominate may be unable to accept a given office, and the simple step of asking his consent beforehand would spare a good deal of mortification on both sides.

We have been led to make these few remarks in the hope of calling the attention of Irishmen of California to the need of more tact in the management of meetings and Conventions. In every representative body, the *manner* of bringing in a measure, is of fully as much importance for its success as the merits of the measure itself. This truism cannot be too well impressed upon delegates and if it be fairly acted on we shall not have to call attention to further displays of want of tact and judgement in our Californian Conventions.

Last Sunday's Convention.

The Convention on last Sunday concluded its business without any very serious drawbacks further than the unnecessary oratorical powers of odd individuals, whose sole object in the Convention seemed to be the display of their parliamentary tactics. A little modesty is good in young blood seeking legislative honors, and we respectfully suggest that the President be assisted instead of being confused by their constant interruptions. The principal business got through was the appointing of an Orator, about which there had been a certain amount of ridiculous feeling displayed, and the Convention showed its good taste in electing the Rev. Mr. Gibney, under the circumstances, to fill the office. He is fully capable of doing justice and honor to the occasion, and the selection of a gentleman of his profession will prove the falsity of the assertion made on the Sunday previous by an individual whose conduct proves that his religion is but skin deep, against the National organizations for their preference of a layman for the position. The Reverend gentleman himself, as well as several others, suggested such action, and we entirely concur in their ideas on the subject, and hope on future occasions that it will be acted upon. Several important Committees were appointed and a poet selected, in the person of Mr. O'Connel, who now declines to accept. We cautioned members not to place in nomination for any office the names of gentlemen whose consent was not first obtained. The result has proved the folly of such action. Next Sunday the Convention will be called upon to take some definite action in assisting the National cause. It is the proper place for such a question to be introduced. Irishmen should, at their annual Convention, take something substantial into consideration for the benefit of our brethren struggling for liberty in the land of our birth. Let the united action of all the assembled delegates show that though they may be banded togesher for benevolent purposes, they are STILL WILLING to assist the old land.

An Ally on the Pacific Coast.

This is what the *Irish People* a paper printed in New York, says of us:

The NATIONALIST is the title of a new paper just started in San Francisco, California, and, judging from the tone prevailing in the two first numbers before us, we pronounce it one of the most advanced Irish national revolutisnary papers—the *Irish People*, of course, excepted—published in America. The new journal comes to supply a want long felt on the Pacific coast. The country is flooded with newspapers whose publishers depend wholly upon Irish constituencies, but they are, for the most part of that Home-Rulish, Peace Agitation stripe. We have reason to hope for an active allly in the NATIONALIST; and bespeak for it, from our friends in California, at least, an earnest and hearty support.

GO TO

NOLAN'S

FOR YOUR

BOOTS AND SHOES!

NO. 11 THIRD STREET,

NEAR MARKET.

You can save from 50 Cents to $3 on every pair of Boots and Shoes you buy.

Gents' Double Sole Kip Boots	$2 50
Gents' French Screwed Boots	4 00
Gents' Custom-Made Sewed Boots	6 00
Gents' Tap Sole Screwed Boots	5 00
Gents' Gongress Gaiters..$1 50.....Tap Soles	2 50
Gents' Custom-Made Box Toe Gaiters	4 50
Gents' Screwed Oxford Ties	2 00
Boys' French Screwed Boots	2 50
Boys Copper Toe Boots	1 50
Boys' Screwed Lace Shoes	1 50
Boys' Oxford Ties	1 75

LADIES WEAR.

Ladies' Scoll Vamp, Double Sole Bals	$2 00
Ladies' Kid Fox Double Sole Bals	1 75
Ladies' Kid Fox Button Boots	3 00
Ladies' Kid Fox Long Gaiters, Double Sole	2 75
Ladies' Fine Calf Bals, High Cut	1 75
Ladies' Goat Balmorals	2 75
Ladies' Kid Slippers....$1 00.....French Kid	1 50
Children's Calf Shoes, Projecting Toe	1 25
Children's High Cut Scoll Tap Bals	1 25

We also keep on hand a large assortment of Hand Sewed Boots and Sewed Box Toe Gaiters. Besides a thousand other Bargains at

Nolan's Mammoth Shoe Store

No 11 THIRD STREET, Near Market.

"Sign of the Big Boot." jy4-tf

P. KELLY,

Prize Boot Maker,

No. 335 Bush Street.

IS DETERMINED TO SELL FIRST-CLASS Boots and Shoes at lower prices than any other store in the city. Read the following list of prices:

LADIES' DEPARTMENT

French Kid Boots reduced to.....$6 50

A full supply of White and Pink Kid and Satin Slippers always on hand. Kid Foxed Scolloped Button Boots and Kid Foxed Balmorals at the lowest prices.

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S WEAR.

Misses' Kid Button, Black and Bronze, reduced to	$3 50
600 pairs Kid Foxed Balmorals	2 00
400 pairs Kid Foxed Balmorals, full scollop	2 50
Strong School Shoes	2 00

A large stock of Children's and Infant's Shoes at greatly reduced prices.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Fine Hand-Sewed Dress Boots	$10 00
Fine Hand-Sewed Double Sole Boots	10 00
Fine French Calf Screwed Boots, Tap and Double Sole	5 00
Gents' Box-toed Gaiters	5 00
Oxford Ties	3 00

A full supply of Boys' and Youths' Boots and Oxford Ties at greatly reduced prices, at

P. KELLY'S, Prize Boot Maker,

No. 335 Bush Street. jy4-tf

M. GUERIN,

PRIZE BOOT MAKER,

Nos. 327 and 329 Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny, San Francisco.

All the latest styles of Boots and shoes for Ladies, Misses, Children and Gents made to order at the shortest notice. Also, a full assortment of Benkert's Philadelphia Boots. jy4-tf

M. F. WALSH,

FASHIONABLE

Boot and Shoe Maker,

No. 811 Market street, (opposite Stockton street) San Francisco.

Orders promptly attended to. A good fit guaranteed. Repairs neatly executed. jy4-tf

WILLIAM O'CONNELL,

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Boot Maker.

818 HOWARD STREET, (Irish-American Hall)

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STEPHEN THOMAS,

PRIZE BOOT MAKER,

LADIES AND MISSES BOOTS MADE TO ORDER

Paris, London and Melbourne. No. 142 Fourth Street, San Francisco. jy4-tf

JESSE SELLERS. THOMAS KING

SELLERS & KING.

Boot and Shoe Store,

No. 19 Third Street, Cor.

Stevenson, San Francisco.

Dealers and Manufacturers of Ladies', Gents' and Children's Shoes; also, a large stock of Boots and Shoes always on hand, at lowest prices.

WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD. jy4tf

SULLIVAN, KELLY & CO.,

Northwest Corner of Pine and Front Sts.,

Where they offer for sale

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS.

ETC., ETC., ON THE PACIFIC COAST,

AT THE LOWEST MARKET RATES.

101, 103 and 105 FRONT STREET,

110 PINE STREET. jy4tf

Now is the time for all

PERSONS TO AVAIL

Themselves of Good Sight.

The latest improved Spectacles. Weak sight strengthened, strong sight preserved, by the use of these Spectacles; superior to any now in common use; persons may use these for any length of time without causing the sight to ache. Spectacles for $1, and upward. As I have had 25 years practice in the business, I have good experience in suiting sight. All kinds of spectacles repaired and reglassed by J. O'NEILL, Optician. 407 Third street, near Harrison. jy-tf

HIBERNIA BREWERY,

HOWARD STREET,

Between Eighth and Ninth.....SAN FRANCISCO

BEST ALE AND PORTER.

MATTHEW NUNAN.....PROPRIETOR

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A. MICHAELSON,

EUREKA BREWERY,

No. 235 First Street, between Howard and Folsom San Francisco. jy4-tf

Philadelphia Brewery,

JOHN WIELAND - - Proprietor

Second Street, Near Folsom, San Francisco. jy4-tf

UNITED STATES HOTEL

Cor. Beale and Folsom Sts., San Francisco.

CORNELIUS MALONEY.....Proprietor

(Late of the Franklin House.)

THE UNITED STATES HOTEL HA been thoroughly renovated and fitt up in superior style. Parties who have se to the States for friends, or who expe friends, will please notify C. Maloney, an he will attend to them on arrival, and forward the with due care to their destination.

A Library is attached to the house for the use of t patrons; also, a fire-proof safe, where money and oth valuables are taken charge of at the risk of the propr tor. An Omnibus, with the name of the Hotel there will be at the wharf to convey passengers to the H free of charge. jy4-tf

CITY HOTEL,

(Late NEW ST. CHARLES,)

First St., between Market and Mission, San Franc

Board and Lodging, per Day, - - $1.

Board and Lodging per Week. - - $

SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS FOR FAMILIE

The Rooms are Furnished with Patent Spring and Hair Mattresses, and are well arranged, either f families or single persons. Splendid accommoda for the traveling public. This Hotel is situated ne the Steamer Landings. Passengers and baggage veyed to the House free of charge.

MICHAEL RAFERTY, - - Proprie

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MANHATTAN HOUSE

705 and 707 Front St., between Pacific and Broadwa

SAN FRANCISCO.

Board and Lodging, per Week, - - $4 5

Board, per Day, - - - - - 75

Good accommodations for Families.

N. B.—This House has just been renovated. Fr Coach to the House.

JAMES CORNYN.....Proprie

(Formerly of the Central House.) jy4-t

T. F. BAINES. JAS. J. CANIFF

CELTIC CLUB HOUS

Baines & Caniffe.....PROPR

Always on hand an excellent stock of

SUPERIOR BRANDIES, WINES, LIQUO AND HAVANA CIGARS.

No. 1022 MARKET STREET, between F Sixth, San Francisco.

The Seal Rock House.

CAPT. HENRY FERNNO, - - - Prop

This pleasant wayside resort is situated on the Beach, near the Cliff, and is the only place on the where parties taking the drive can procure

The Best Liquors and Cigars, for 12½ cents.

jy

MONTGOMERY'S HOTEL, 227 AND 2 Second street. Board and Lodging from $4 to $5 week; six meal tickets for $1. Conducted on temp ance principles. jy4-tf

SAN FRANCISCO

BALL and RACKET COURT

846 HOWARD STREET

Between Fourth and Fifth.....SAN FRANCIS

Fine WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

THOMAS KELLY.....Proprie

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P. J. TANNIAN,

24 THIRD STREET,

Keeps constantly on hand the best quality

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIG

Also—Superior Brands Old Bourbon Whisk Martel and Sazerac Brandies, Pure Old Scotc Irish Whiskeys. Also, Pure Holland Gin and J Rum. de4-tf

J. H. DOUGHERTY & CO.

Dealer in

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGA

No. 515 California Street

Above Montgomery, next to the California Market jy

CHARLES KEON,

—DEALER IN—

Groceries and Provisions

Corner Howard Court and Howard Street, (oppos Irish-American Hall) San Francisco. jy4-tf

P. T. Flynn & Son,

Dealers in

Groceries, Provisions, Wines, Liquors, etc. Corner Howard and Eighth streets, San Francisco. jy4-t

THE BEST

CATHOLIC BOOK STORE

H. C. BATEMAN, No. 203 Kearny Stre

Has just received a New and Elegant Stock of

Holy Bibles and Prayer Book

Bound in fine Velvet, Mother of Pearl and Ivory Be and Medals in Gold and Silver, Pearl, Garnet a ber. Also, a first-class stock of Books, suita presents, by the best Authors. jy4-

J. W. TUCKER & Co.

DIAMONDS, FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY AND SIL offer the largest assortment ever in the city, an prices. Great care given to repairing watches. Tucker & Co., 101 and 103 Montgomery street. jy4-

THE NATIONALIST.

SAN FRANCISCO, FEBRUARY 16, 1873.

City Items

WHAT sins printers and compositors may be responsible for is shown by the report given of the Irish Convention on Sunday week by one of the most respectable weeklies in the city. The report reads :—"Bassett, the Supervisor of the Fourth Ward, was chosen Marshal of the Day. For Orator, Fathers Prendergast, John Hamill and P. J. Kane were placed in nomination." It will doubtless surprise Grand Marshal Barrett that his name is Bassett, and that he represents the Fourth Ward instead of the Tenth ; but his surprise can be nothing compared with that of Mr. Hamill and Capt. Kane that they are Reverend Fathers. We have not escaped ourselves, either, for in last week's issue one of the geniuses who does the setting-up business, twined the flower-clad hills of California into gentle eminences dusted with millers' flour !

How in the dearth of news, the *Alta* is humgged in the matter of telegrams may be gathered from some of its foreign items published a few days ago. It says : "Redden, convicted and imprisoned for participation in the Fenian riots at Manchester in 1867 has just been released. He has prosecuted the physician for cruelties practiced (sic) on him." First, the "riots" spoken of were not Fenian, but consisted simply of the rescus of Colonel Kelly by a number of I. R. B. men. Secondly, Redden was released on the 28th of last October, and here is no "has just been" about it. Thirdly, it is hard on the *Alta* to pay for stale news, bad grammar, and such spelling as twins c's into s's.

MME. LOUISE TERME, so long and favorably known as a Costumer, has just received at her establishment, 513 and 519 Jackson street, a fresh supply of Theatrical Costumes, Ball Dresses, Military Uniforms, etc. It will be remembered that this lady gave exquisite satisfaction last year by the unique and beautifully designed outfits she got up for the Daughter of Erin, the Gallowglass Knight, and others which attracted so much attention on last St. Patrick's Day. *

The usual meetings were held last Sunday evening by the Father Matthew Society, the Temperance Legion, and the Dashaways. The audiences were large, attentive and intelligent. At each place an excellent entertainment was given, consisting of lectures, recitations, and vocal and instrumental music.

The Ancient Order of Hibernians and the Sons of the Emerald Isle will celebrate the night of the 17th of March by two first-class balls, which will, no doubt, prove attractive to many of the friends of these organizations.

The Ignatian Society of San Francisco will give one of their interesting literary entertainments on Monday, February 24th, in the College Hall.

The Physician at the City and County Hospital wants the Board of Supervisors to give him, not a case, but a barrel of sherry !

Sage's warehouse, containing 200,000 gallons of coal oil, was completely burned last Monday night.

The grand ball to be given on the evening of St. Patrick's Day by the Irish Nationalists, under the immediate auspices of the Knights of the Red Branch, promises to be eminently successful. Prominent Irishmen from the interior of the State have written to secure tickets, and many distinguished ladies of the city have consented to grace the occasion by their presence ; on which account the Knights think themselves an inch taller than usual, and look down on all attempts to rival them as hopeless.

Colonel Barnes asserts that in sixty-four manufacturing establishments in this city visited by an agent of his, not one of the foremen employed is American. If this be true, why is it true ?

$408,000 are to be appropriated by Congress for the erection of buildings on Custom House block, San Francisco.

The Lyceum of self-culture is a rather mixed concern. Last Sunday Elder Grant wanted the members to indorse the Bible immediately, but the majority wouldn't. The wordy discussion is to be renewed next Sunday, and then it is expected they will decide whether they are immortal or not.

The ladies of San Francisco have patriotically taken our gentle hint, and are going to present the Irish Confederation and the Knights of the Red Branch with an appropriate set of flags on the morning of St. Patrick's Day, said presentation to take place at Horticultural Hall. Mrs. Barron, Miss Dunne, and Mrs. Walsh are the prime movers of this praiseworthy enterprise.

The Rev. Mr. Gibney has accepted the position as Orator for St. Patrick's Day.

The committee of ladies appointed by general meeting to take steps to secure the co-operation of all other ladies who favor the Irish National cause, meet every Monday evening at Irish Confederation Hall.

The inventive genius of the youth of this city succeeded in attracting large crowds at the junction of every street in the city, on Tuesday evening last, to witness what appeared to be large moving balls of fire in the heavens. Some thought them such. Others said they were balloons from San Jose; but the appearance of a boy with a kite and a Chinese lantern suspended from its tail dispelled the illusion.

Vallejo, Sacramento, San Rafael, Nortonville, and Salinas City are to be well represented on St. Patrick's Day in this city.

The Broadway grammar investigation shows how the secrets of the fair sex become public. The *Post* has lady reporters.

The investigation of the Harbor Commission frauds is likely to drop, except the *Evening Post*, which is always opposed to white-washing crime, takes the matter in hand.

The Knights of the Red Branch, are determined to make their Ball, the 17th March, eclipse any thing of the kind ever held on this coast. The decorations are extraordinary and unique. Nature in her most attractive lights, as seen in Ireland and Oriental countries, with all the embellishment which human invention and artificial art can add, will make Horticultural Hall on St. Patrick's night a curiosity to thousands outside of the sympathizers of Ireland's cause. New and correct Irish music has been ordered expressly from Dublin, and Schlott and Schmidt's celebrated Reed and Brass Instrumental Band is engaged for the occasion. The opening march will take place during an artificial moonlight scene. We venture to say that Horticultural Hall will present a more beautiful and varied scenery on that night than has ever been witnessed on this coast.

The ladies who have taken in hand the preenstation of a set offlags to the NATIONALISTS on the morning of the 17th March are, we believe meeting with great financial success, and received a large number of acceptances from the ladies to whom they sent circulars asking their co-operation. They meet for business on Monday night at Irish Confederation Hall 751 Market street at 7-30 P. M.

The National Organizations which meet in Irish Confederation Hall are making great preparation to make their division even more attractive than last year.

OUR IRISH NEWS.—Owing to the non-receipt of our Irish exchanges, we regret being unable to supply our readers this week with news from home. We presume the detention of the mails has been occasioned by the inclemency of the weather. In our next, we hope to give a full resume of all that has transpired in the old land during the past three weeks.

The Fenian Brotherhood off East are muster-

NOTWITHSTANDING the rush at GARLAND'S COUGH DROP and Candy Depot—828 Market Street—for all Holiday Gifts and Family Candies, he still continues to furnish his renowned COUGH DROPS for all suffering from Colds, Coughs, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Croup, Influenza, Bronchitis, Inflamation of the Lungs, Asthma and Consumption. *

For Irish flags and Irish designs generally, we recommend, as before, Barron, 815 Market street. *

ing their forces and hold numerous and largely attended meetings. The aspect of affairs between England and Russia gives an impetus to the movement which is to be applauded, for the word now for all organizations is *prepare*.

By some unaccountable means A. McBoyle & Co's advertisement for Pratt's New Life and Vocal Stimulants, which can be obtained at their establishment, 504 Washington street, was left out of our columns last week. We apologise, and promise that the like mistake will not occur again.

The South Park Bakery is in the hands of thorough Nationalists, whose sympathies are with our struggle for a free government for Ireland.

GRAND MILITARY AND CIVIC BALL
....OF THE....
IRISH NATIONALISTS,
UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE
Knights of the Red Branch
WILL TAKE PLACE AT
HORTICULTURAL HALL,
STOCKTON STREET, NEAR POST,
ON THE EVENING OF
ST. PATRICK'S DAY,
Monday, March 17th, 1873.
SCHLOTT & SCHMIDT'S Celebrated Band of Twenty-five pieces has been engaged.
New Music from Ireland expressly for the occasion.
TICKETS..(Admitting Gentleman and Ladies)..$1 00
fy16-tf

E. SCHLOTT. J. SCHMIDT.
MUSIC FURNISHED
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION BY
Ernst Schlott & Jos. Schmidt.
Orders may be left at Feldbush & Co.'s Musical Instrument and Toy Store, No. 207 Montgomery Street, Russ House Block.
Private Residence of MR. SCHLOTT, No. 432 Chestnut Street. Private Residence of MR. JOSEPH SCHMIDT, (former Leader of the Department Band) No. 1025 Washington Street.
fy16-tf

C. STORM. A. J. SHRADER.
Storm Co.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Wood and Coal.
ORDER OFFICE:—No. 329 Montgomery street, near California. Yard and Mill, Berry Street, near foot of Third, San Francisco.
fy16-tf

D. LAMMON. H. COOTE.
Lammon & Coote,
SOUTH PARK BAKERY.
No. 611 Third Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.
fy16-tf

GAFFEY & KEARNS,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
Choice French Wines and Liquors,
CALIFORNIA WINES AND BRANDIES.
No. 25 Second street, near Stevenson, (opposite the Grand Hotel), San Francisco.
fy9-tf

D. Sweeney & Co.,
Cattle Commission Merchants,
Corner Tenth and Howard streets....SAN FRANCISCO.
Have constantly on hand fresh family Milk Cows, Horses, etc. Large and commodious stalls and corrals, and superior accommodations for all kinds of stock.
fy9-tf

M. H. GAFFNEY,
Importer and Dealer in
WINES AND LIQUORS.
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Refreshments at All Times, and Lunch at the Usual Hours.
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High and Low Pressure Boilers of all kinds, built according to drawing or Specifications, and Sheet Iron Work executed at the shortest notice, on the most reasonable terms.
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Highest price paid for Scrap Iron.
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To the Miners and others. You will save fifty per cent by using the GIANT POWDER exclusively.
Giant Powder No. 2,
is superior to any other blasting material for bank blasting, Coal Mines, and all medium hard rock.
PRICE :—Fifty cents per pound.
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CORDAGE AND ROPE MANUFACTORY.
Constantly on hand a Large and Complete Assortment
Manila Cordage,
Whale Line,
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Tarred Manila Cordage, etc.
Manufactured from Pure Manila Hemp.
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Reparing of all kinds done at short notice.
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Remittances from the country may be sent through Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express office, or any reliable banking house ; but the Society will not be responsible for their safe delivery. The signature of the depositor should accompany his first deposit. A proper pass book will be delivered to the Agent by whom the deposit is made.
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All work warranted. Jobbing promptly attended to. Estimates made on new and old Buildings.
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FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
A choice stock of Ales and Porters always on hand. Families Supplied. No. 140 Third street, Southwest corner of Third and Everett streets, San Francisco.
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California Brass Works.
WEED & KINGWELL,

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Opposite Minna, San Francisco. Manufacturers of all kinds of Brass, Composition, Zinc and Babbitt Metal Castings. Church and Steamboat Bells on hand and made to order. Also, a full assortment of Steam and Water Cocks and Valves, Hydraulic Pipes, Nozzles and Hose Coupling, Etc. Brass Ship work, Spikes, Sheating Nails, and Rudder Braces.
Agents for Seibert's Eureka Lubricator.
Highest market price paid for old Bells, Copper and Brass.
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Has on hand the finest assortment of
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And a large stock of
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CHEAP LADIES' AND MISSES'
BOOTS AND SHOES,
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No. 12 Montgomery Street opposite Masonic Temple.
The Combination of talent in this New and Elegant Establishment is superior to any in the State. All of the Latest Styles in the Photographic Art, beside many New and Original Novelties are here introduced.
Equestrian Photographs and Pictorial Photographs can be had at this Gallery only. The attention of Visitors is called to these New and Novel Designs, which cannot be seen at any other Gallery.
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FAMILIES SUPPLIED WITH ALL KINDS OF MEATS and vegetables, at reasonable rates. All goods delivered free of charge.
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All kinds of Salt, including Rock, Ground and Liver peol, constantly on hand and for sale.
PACKED IN EVERY STYLE AND VARIETY FOR THE TRADE.
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Manufacturers of all kinds of
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European Singing Birds.

Canaries, Thrushes, Larks, Blackbirds, Nightingales, Goldfinches, Etc.
A Variety of Cages on hand. Seed for sale.
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—DEALERS IN—
Pictures and Looking Glasses,
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A large stock of Chromos, Engravings, Lithographs, etc., always on hand. Framing and re-Gilding done at the Lowest Figures.
N. B.—Goods will be sold on weekly installments if required.
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(*Successor to* C. BORCHARD.)
Have recieved a Diploma from the Mechanics Fair 1871, at San Francisco.
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No. 408 Davis Street, between Washington and Jackson, San Francisco. Manufacture all kinds of Candies from the Best Materials, and will sell at least as low as any other House in the trade. Goods warranted to keep in any climate. Country orders promptly attended to.—Dealers supplied on liberal terms. Also a large assortment of Nuts.
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$10,000—To any person able to equal MADAME SCHWERER, Clairvoyant and Professor of Great Mysteries. She cures all sickness or no charge. Consultation given on all affairs. Talismans for love, prosperity, family unhappiness. Also, see your intended. Fee, 50 cents up. Corner Folsom nd Seventh Streets, (over fruit store) San Francisco
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RICHARD TOBIN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
OFFICE—Over the Bank of the Hibernia Savings and Loan Society, corner of Market and Montgomery streets, San Francisco.
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W. E. DARBY—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW—OFFICE—No. 317 California street, room No. 2, San Francisco.
jy12-tf

THE NATIONALIST.

SAN FRANCISCO, FEBRUARY 16, 1873.

MISSING FRIENDS.

Advertisements under this heard are inserted four times for One Dollar; Payable in advance.

Information wanted of James Doolin, who left San Francisco in 1867. When last heard from he was in Montana Territory. Please address his brother, Thomas Doolin, 111 Jessie street, (near New Montgomery), San Francisco.

Information wanted of Michael Cooney, a native of Killybegs, county Donegal, Ireland. Address Mrs. Catherine Campbell, East Abbington, Mass.

Information wanted of Thomas Brophy, late of Lansing county, Iowa. Address, Joseph Brophy, Harper's Ferry, Allamakee county, Iowa.

Information wanted of Patrick Hallanan, or any of his relatives. Please write to his sister, Mrs. Catherine Mahoney, St. Catherine, Canada West

William Gilfoyle, 214 Sumner street, Boston, wishes to hear of his daughter, who came to California six years ago.

Information wanted of Thomas J. Pitt, a native of Wexford, by his brother, Richard. Address NATIONALIST San Francisco. Eastern papers please copy.

Information wanted of John Scott, a native of Lancaster, England. Address John Butterworth, Meadowcroft Block, Watson street, Lowell, Mass.

Peter Sloden, William Maden and Michael Maden, Zinezwick, Canada East. Information wanted by their sister Mrs Mary Ann Howe, West Ladanon, N. H.

Information wanted of the whereabouts of William, Thomas and Michael O'Dowd, who left Athy, county Kildare, about 1845. Address Conelius Mulligan, Uxbridge, Mass.

Information wanted of Denis Cleary, native of Manchester, Jersey street. Address James Duckett, 61 Columbia street, Fall River, Mass.

A Letter Interesting to Farmers, Politicians, Lovers, and Whisky Drinkers.

NATIVIDAD, February 3d, 1873.

EDITOR NATIONALIST:—Monterey County is becoming more and more worthy the notice of the people of the State. She no longer remains in obscurity, but is gradually emerging into a county which shall take a leading part in agriculture, stock raising, and wool growing. A few years ago persons were of the opinion that the climate was too dry and sultry for the agricultural development of the natural resources of the large and productive plains of Salinas, Pajaro, and San Justo; but this fallacy has been exploded by actual experiment, and to-day these valleys are known to be as productive as any in the State. It seems as if Time was some Protean sprite, who had spread his wand over these fruitful valleys and pronounced some mystic word, and at once the verdant vegetation covered the plains as with a mantle. Thousands flocked here, and bought or rented lands, and the barren, unproductive waste was made to "bloom and blossom as the rose."

THE FARMING

season has been providentially favorable this year. The rain held off so long that many people were apprehensive of another dry and unfruitful year; but at last the flood-gates of Heaven were opened, and copious showers fell, enabling all the farmers to go to work rejoicingly. There will undoubtedly be an exportation from the Salinas Valley alone of nearly 10,000,000 bushels of grain, which will realize at least $4,000,000. There is, however, one great drawback to this county, one which materially retards its growth and the prosperity of its people—that is, the *grants*. It is my humble opinion that these large land-owners are generally men who care but little for the educational, religious, social or agricultural growth of their respective districts of country. They simply hold their lands for an advance in the market price. Well, they do this and pass unblamed, but why do they not divide up their lands into small farms, and rent them to workingmen? Simply because their pocket is their heart, and when you touch that, great tears of sorrow course down their cheeks, and they wail to the tune of Shylock. These grants have greatly impeded the progress of this county, but since the introduction of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and the election of an honest man as County Assessor, the grant holders express themselves in favor of dividing their lands into small tracts, and either renting or selling.

THE SCHOOLS

of the county are in a very flourishing condition. The Tax Collector has been very successful, and therefore the money in hand is greatly in excess of previous years. Most of the schools will be easily able to run eight months, and some of them ten, during this coming year. I doubt if any county of the State, possessing no better local advantages, can compete with Monterey in teachers, who are efficient, zealous and successful.

A RUNAWAY

love match took place a few days ago. The parties live in the Gabilan cañon, which opens on the eastern side of the Salinas Valley. The lady was engaged to a man who had deposited $200 in her hands for safe keeping until they should get married—that time having been set for the future, when the would-be happy husband should have a home to take his little wife to. In the interim the vacillating lady claps her organs of vision on "a handsome man" whose curling moustache, wavy locks of auburn hair, and engaging manners won her young heart, and in a moment of rapture her judgment and previous engagement forsake her, and she timidly and coyishly promises to become the bride of the second *Adonis*. They plan a clandestine runaway. Early one morning when the first rays of the sun were peeping over the orient hills, *Adonis* meets *Venus*, and away they go to the nearest Justice of the Peace, who makes them "one." The marriage was over before they were suspected, and what could lover No. 1 do? Exactly what most sensible young fellows would do, "let her rip."

THE POLITICAL

pool begins a gentle simmer, as if the first little spell of Macbeth's witches was pervading its precincts. 'Ere long the *Circus Maximus* will be opened for the combat, when the strong, the honest, and the brave should meet with success. Whether they will or not depends on the number of honest, thinking, intelligent voters. One of the main issues will be of a local character. That absorbing question will be County Division. The people east of the Gabilan mountains, in the valley of San Juste, are determined to wage the war. They want a county of their own. They will undoubtedly be defeated, but they (the San Justoites) will keep bringing the matter up at every subsequent election until the end of the world. I give them that long time because I am confident they will never succeed; but they, like people

"Convinced against their will,
Are of the same opinion still."

Let her "bile" if she must. We of the Salinas and Pajaro valleys can have the fun of whipping them if they persist in tickling our ears with a broom straw. The Republicans have began to name their "hosses" for the race, and the Democrats won't disgrace themselves by being in the rear. Andrew Wasson, present incumbent of the Sheriff's office, an able and efficient officer, will probably be re-elected, and as for the others, I could not conjecture.

THE SUNDAY LAW

don't take. It's too dry. People can't comprehend its use and intelligence. Most of the saloon-keepers have been arrested, and set at liberty. Juries can't see the joke. The Judges like "something" with a little "something" in it. They try water, but it tastes flat, and therefore must "indulge." Happy idea strikes one of them: "We'll wait till the Supreme Court decides upon the Constitutionality of the law." Therefore, open wide your doors, oh! ye dispensers of grog! Be happy ye disconsolate! Drop no more your heads, ye red-eyed bottles! Gurgle down this potation from the realms of Jupiter, O, ye copper-sheeted throats, and be happy evermore, ye people of Monterey, for the decree has gone forth to wait, to *pause!* until the great and learned head of the Supreme bench of the State of California shall cry, veto! Oh! ye Legislators, forever hide your Lilliputian heads, or ye'll get them "punched" for interfering with whisky punch is our everlasting motto. Yours, SMIKE.

[To the racy letter of our able correspondent we would add that, from the seed lately sown in Salinas Valley, we confidently look forward to a rich crop of genuine Irish Nationality. Our correspondent not being Irish, naturally overlooked this.—EDITOR.]

Correspondence.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 14, 1873.

EDITOR NATIONALIST:—In Sunday' *Call* I find the following: "A committee of ladies was organized for the purpose of presenting the Irish Nationalists of the city, viz: the Knights of the Red Branch and the Irish Confederation with a set of flags on next St. Patrick's Day." The inference from this sentence would be that the Knights and the Confederation constitute the entire body of the Irish Nationalists of San Francisco. This is what I emphatically deny. The members of the Fenian Circle and of the Legion of St. Patrick, who through good report and ill have clung to the cause, must be recognized as Nationalists, and not of a low type either. The members of the Ancient Order of Hibernians contributed liberally in 1865 when the "final call" was made, and they would do so to-morrow if they believed there was any reasonable prospect of successful action; and if such of them as did this were not Nationalists, I would like to know what is meant by the name. Thousands in various benevolent societies are ready to lend a helping hand to free the old country and I claim that every one of such men is, in a certain sense at least, a Nationalist. For myself, I belong just now to no society whatever; but I deny that my non-adherence to any of the parties into which our countrymen are unfortunately divided can divest me of the character of an Irish Nationalist who hopes yet to take some part in winning Irish liberty. D. U. L.

[Our correspondent is quite right in assuming that there are thousands of Nationalists outside the revolutionary organizations, and it is admitted that their sympathies are with Ireland; but the fact nevertheless remains, that for the practical building up of an Irish Republic, mere sentiment is unavailing. Those thousands of outsiders who now rest on their oars should be up and doing. Every well-informed Irishmen sees, of course, through the absurdity of giving exclusive possession of nationality to the Knights and Confederates. That the *Call* should blunder into doing so is natural enough.—ED.]

What is the Matter? What Did You Drink?

These questions were put to 11,226 individuals last year by the Boston police; and Chief Savage gives a summary of their answers in his annual report. They are, perhaps, the funniest part of that interesting document. "To the first question, the answers were as follows: Drunk, 904; tight, 116; intoxicated, 3; full, 3; took too much, 6; got corned, 5; got hot, 1; being sober, 1; wouldn't go home, 2; slept out, 2; breaking glass, 1; slipped down, 1; short answers, 1; horse disease, 1; grouty, 1; abusing family, 1; fighting, 4; quarreling, 2; scolding, 3; trouble with old woman, 7; trouble with old man, 6; shouting for Greeley, 1; hooting for Grant, 1; lodging, 18; nothing, 21; don't know, 50; don't care, 3; can't tell, 8; won't tell, 6; find out, 6.

"To the question. 'What did you drink?' the answers were as follows: Whisky, 440; beer, 316; castor oil, 1; ether, 1; whisky and beer, 93; gin and beer, 11; rum, 45; gin, 36; brandy, 11; wine, 10; cider, 9; bourbon, 1; rot-gut, 3; ale and spruce beer, 5; ginger-pop, 1; sarsaparilla, 2; Wheeler's bitters, 1; peppermint, 2; champagne, 3; benzine, 1; half-and-half, 3; indigo, 1; hyacinthe, 1; male berry coffee, 1; fire water, 2; pig-weed, 1; cut nails, 1; everything, 91; anything, 5; nothing, 22; can't tell, 8; won't tell, 6; don't know, 42; don't care, 3; find out, 5; don't drink, 2; none of your business, 3.

Misses Pollard & McGuigan,
THE ONLY FASHIONABLE
MILLINERS AND DRESS MAKERS
SOUTH OF MARKET STREET.
Fancy Goods and Trimmings just received. No. 230 Fourth street, between Howard and Folsom, San Francisco. dec-tf

ESTABLISHED EIGHTEEN YEARS IN CALIFORNIA.
MME. LOUIS TERME,
COSTUMER.
Nos. 513 and 519 Jackson street. Theatrical Costumes, Ball Dresses and Military Uniforms constantly on hand. Costumes of every description made to order at the shortest notice. Orders respectfully solicited. Terms moderate. jy2-tf

J. M. Bryan,
DEALER IN STOVES AND TINWARE,
Lead and Copper Worker, manufacturer of Hydraulic and Artesian Well Pipe, No. 130 Third Street, between Mission and Howard, San Francisco.
Job work of all kinds done in the best possible manner. Particular attention paid to Hotel and Restaurant work.—Water Pipe laid and Plumbing work done. Leaky Roofs repaired and Smoky Chimneys cured.
American Improved, also the Union, eureka, Richmond and Richmond Improved Ranges. jy4-tf

PRATT'S
ABOLITION OIL!
The unprecedented success of this GREAT FAMILY REMEDY, and the universal satisfaction given by it in all cases, are the legitimate results of its intrinsic merits. KEEP IN THE HOUSE—BE YOUR OWN DOCTOR.
PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL is good at all times, reliable at all times, applicable at all times; gives relief more speedily in all cases of internal and external aches and pains than any other remedy in use. Just as sure as you use it according to directions, just so surely will it cure:—

Rheumatism,	Neuralgia,
Paralysis,	Sprains,
Bruises,	Pain in the Side,
Headache,	Diptheria,
Coughs and Colds,	Colic,
Cramps,	Cholera Morbus,
Gout,	Lame Back,
Pains in the Loins,	Pleurisy,
Sore Throat,	Stiff Joints,
Felons,	Toothache,
Earache,	Swollen Joints,
Diarrhoea,	Lumbago,
Contracted Cords,	Swellings,
	Pain in the Breast,

And all internal and external aches and pains. Ask your druggist for PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL, and take no substitute.

PRICE.

Small Size.....Fifty Cents
Large Size.....One Dollar

FOR SALE BY ALL
Druggists and Dealers.

PRATT'S
NEW LIFE!
THE BEST BLOOD PURIFIER AND LIVER INVIGORATOR IN THE WORLD. PURELY VEGETABLE, prepared from fresh Shaker roots and herbs. Cures all disorders arising from impure blood. Restores the Tone and Vivor of the System.

PRICE.

Per Bottle.....One Dollar

For Sale by
ALL DRUGGISTS.

PRATT'S
Vocal Stimulants!
For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, and all Bronchial Complaints. They are carefully and thoroughly medicated, free from all nauseating and deleterious ingredients, and are an effective as well as a pleasant remedy. Mothers pronounce them invaluable for children in cases of Whooping Cough and Croup; they act directly on the pulmonary organs, without deranging the stomach or constipating the bowels. To Singers and Public Speakers they are indispensable, as they lubricate the vocal organs, and prevent all irritation of the mucous membrane.

A. McBOYLE & CO.,
Druggists and Chemists,
No. 504 WASHINGTON STREET, one door above Sansome, SAN FRANCISCO.
Manufacturers and Sole Proprietors for all the above named valuable Preparations. jy4-tf

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TAILOR.
(Late of New York, Charleston, South Carolina, and Melbourne, Australia.)
FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.
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FASHIONABLE MILLINERS.
No. 30 Third Street, between Mission and Market Sts., SAN FRANCISCO.
☞ Mourning Goods constantly kept on hand. Hats and Bonnets Bleached and Pressed. Country Orders promptly attended to. jy4-tf

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MARTIN & EISENMENGER, Proprietors.

Board per Week	$4,00
Board and Lodging per week, from	$5,00 to $6,00
Meals,	25
Lodging, from	25 to 50

The Cars pass the Hotel every fifteen minutes to all parts of the city. jy4-tf

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—DEALER IN—
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
SAN RAFAEL, MARIN COUNTY.
jy4-tf

Marin Hotel.
G. ANGELOTTI.....Proprietor.
FOURTH STREET, SAN RAFAEL
Parties visiting this locality will find this House supplied with the most superior accommodations. jy4-tf

Miss E. J. SULLIVAN begs to inform her friends and the public, that she is prepared to receive pupils at No. 974, Folsom street. She will give lessons in all the English branches, also in letter writing. Terms low.—Hours, from one until three o'clock in the afternoon, and from seven until nine o'clock in the evening. jy4-tf

P. A. McDonald
—DELIVERS—
Coke at Gas House Prices.
Orders left at 233 Fourth Street, (between Clementina and Tehama) will receive prompt attention. jy4-tf

B. C. DUFFY,
Cigar Manufacturer.
No. 950 Market Sereet, corner of Powell, San Francisco.
Cigars, Tobacco, Snuffs, and a general variety of Smokers' Articles constantly on hand. jy4-tf

WOMEN'S
Co-Operative
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No. 424 Montgomery Street,
MRS. L. G. RICHMOND.....Superintendent.
(INCORPORATED JUNE 18, 1869.)
Book, Card and Job Printing
NEATLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED, AND AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
☞ Office adjoining the "Pioneer," but not connected with that establishment. jy4-tf

J. A. MAHANNY. DAVID L. BROWN.
BROWN & MAHANNY,
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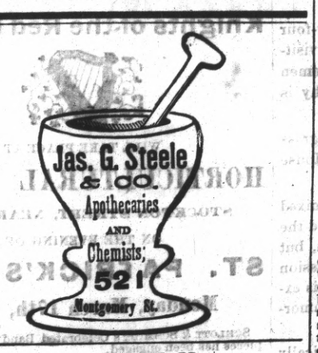
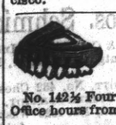


Dr. A. R. Walker,
DENTIST,
Teeth extracted for 50 cents, children 25 cents.
No. 775 Mission street, corner of Fourth, San Francisco. jy4-tf



DR. S. H. ROBERTS.
Dentist,
No. 142½ Fourth Street near Howard, San Francisco. Office hours from 9, A. M. to 5, P. M. jy4-tf

ASTROLOGER.
DR. JOHN ROLL, the most wonderful Fortune Teller in the world, can be found at No. 835 Pacific Street, between Stockton and Powell. He uses all kind of witchcraft, cures all diseases and spells, causes love, returns anythin that is stolen, or run away, and cures drunkards from drinking. He will give love and luck to all who want it. Don't forget to call and see him. jy4-tf

WHAT IS ALUCOLEIN?—A preparation of Cod Liver Oil, without any disagreeable taste; the most efficacious remedy for all pulmonary complaints. Prepared and sold by James G. Steele & Co., No. 521 Montgomery street.

Dr. J. L. Downing,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
No. 1309 Pacific street, between Hyde and Larkin Sts., SAN FRANCISCO. jy4-tf

PRIVATE
MEDICAL AID
QUICK CURES
MODERATE CHARGES
DR. W. K. DOHERTY'S
PRIVATE MEDICAL & SURGICAL INSTITUTE

No. 619 Sacramento Street, corner of Leidesdorff street (a few doors below the What Cheer House.) Private entrance on Leidesdorff street, San Francisco.

Established expressly to afford the Afflicted sound and scientific Medical Aid, in the treatment and cure of all Private and Chronic Diseases, cases of secrecy, and all sexual disorders.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. W. K. DOHERTY RETURNS HIS SINCERE thanks to his numerous patients for their patronage, and would take this opportunity to remind them that he continues to consult at his Institute for the cure of CHRONIC DISEASES of the LUNGS, LIVER, KIDNEYS, DIGESTIVE and GENITO-URINARY ORGANS, and all private diseases, viz: SYPHILIS, in all its forms and stages; SEMINAL WEAKNESS, and all the horid consequences of self-abuse; GONORRHŒA, GLEET, STRICTURES, NOCTURNAL and DIURNAL EMISSIONS, SEXUAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE BACK and LOINS, INFLAMMATION OF THE BLADDER and KIDNEYS, etc., etc.; and he hopes his long experience and successful practice will continue to insure him a share of public patronage. By the practice of many years in Europe and the United States, he is enabled to apply the most efficient and successful remedies against diseases of all kinds. He cures without mercury, charges moderate, treats his patients in a correct and honorable way, and has references of unquestionable veracity from men of known respectability and high standing in society. All parties consulting him by letter or otherwise, will receive the best and gentlest treatment and implicit secrecy.

DR. DOHERTY would call attention to the following certificates, from two of his patients who having fully recovered their health, desire to make known, their remedial agent. It will be seen their statements are fully authenticated by a Notary public.

The welfare of society imperiously demands their publicity, and they are given more to warn the unwary than to sound the praises of a Physician, of whom hundreds of like cases can be cited, during a practice of more than twenty years.

A CASE OF GLEET AND STRICTURE.

DR. DOHERTY—Dear Sir: I feel my health so fully restored that, in common gratitude, I believe I should make you some written acknowledgment, for your fee was small for the work performed.

I arrived in this city from the East about one year ago, and was then suffering from an old case of Gleet, complicated with Stricture. Being a stranger in the city, and believing that those doctors who gave such positive assurances of success were necessarily the best, I placed myself in their charge, and continued under their treatment until I had lost nearly all hope and a considerable sum of money.

I wish to say now that you are the sixth doctor I have employed, and the only one that has ever done me any service. My Gleet is wholly cured, the Stricture is all removed, and my general health is better than it has been for years

In conclusion, I would say to the many unfortunates who require medical advice, if you have any doubt as to what you should employ, ask DR. DOHERTY for my address and call and see me. (I keep a store in this city.) My experience may save you many dollars.

I would also add that in the early stage of my disease, I used a large amount of the preparations advertised as infallible cures for Gonnorhœa. Gleet, etc., but never derived any benefit from them.

I am, Doctor, very truly yours, L——H——.

San Francisco, June 15th, 1864.

subscribed and sworn-to before me this 21st day of June, A. D., 1864.

(L. S.) A. S. GOULD, Notary Public

SEMINAL WEAKNESS—A SWORN-TO CERTIFICATE OF MOST REMARKABLE CURE OF SPERMATORRHŒA.

A desire to benefit suffering humanity, and a feeling of gratitude to DR. W. K. DOHERTY, alone induces me to make this statement. For many years I had been afflicted with that fearful disease known as "Spermatorrhœa" or Seminal weakness, the result of self-abuse, but till in 1855 experienced but little trouble or inconvenience. In that year, however, I had Seminal weakness to a fearful extent, which was soon followed by the most alarming symptoms, as weakness of the back and limbs, pain in the head dimness of vision, nervousness and general debility. My mind, too, was affected to such an extent as to seriously impair my memory; my ideas were confused and spirits depressed. I was averse to society, had evil forebodings and self-distrust, and was entirely unfitted for any of the duties of life. From 1855 to the summer of 1863, I employed the very best medical talent I could find, and spent several hundred dollars, but in no instance obtained more than temporary relief. I had about concluded there was no relief for me in this world, but reading DR. DOHERTY'S card I thought I should call and see him, as he charged nothing for consultation. I had an interview with the doctor at his office, in Sacramento street, and his fee for treatment was so reasonable, I determined to try him, though I did not expect much benefit from his treatment. On the fifth of December last I placed myself under his care; in one week I found myself very much improved, and now, after five weeks treatment, I feel thoroughly cured of all my troubles, and in the enjoyment of the best of health. Hoping that my experience may be of benefit to others similarly afflicted, I subscribe myself.

JAMES JOHNSTON

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 15th day January, A. D., 1864.

[L. S.] A. G. RANDALL, Notary Public.

TO FEMALES.

When a female is in trouble, or afflicted with disease, as weakness of the back and limbs, pain in the head, dimness of sight, loss of muscular power, palpitation of the heart, irritability, nervousness, extreme urinary difficulties, derangement of digestive functions, general debility, vaginitis, all diseases of the womb, hysteria, sterility, and all other diseases peculiar to females, she should go or write at once to the celebrated female doctor. W. K. DOHERTY, at his Medical Institute and consult him about her troubles and disease. The Doctor is effecting more cures than any other Physician in the State of California. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply immediately and save yourself from painful sufferings and premature death. All Married ladies whose delicate health or other circumstances prevent an increase in their families, should write or call at DR. W. K. DOHERTY'S Medical Institute, and they will receive every possible relief and help. The doctors offices are so arranged that he can be consulted without fear of observation.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Patients male or female) residing in any part of the State, however distant, who may desire the opinion and advice of Dr. Doherty in their respective cases, and who think proper to submit a written statement of such, in preference to holding a personal interview, are respectfully assured that their communications will be held most sacred.

If the case be fully and candidly described, personal communication will be unnecessary, as instructions for diet, regimen, and the general treatment of the case itself (including the remedies,) will be forwarded without delay, and in such a manner as to convey no idea of the letter or parcel transmitted.

☞ Consultations at the office or by letter, FREE. Permanent cure guaranteed or no pay. Address,

W. K. DOHERTY, M. D.,
San Francisco, Cal.

SPERMATORRHŒA.

DR. DOHERTY has published an important pamphlet embodying his own views and experiences in relation to Impotency, or Verility, being a short treatise on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Nervous and Physical Debility consequent on this affection, and other diseases of the sexual organs.

This little work contains information of the utmost value to all, whether married or single, and will be sent FREE by mail on receipt of six cents in postage stamps for return postage. Address

W. K. DOHERTY, M. D.,
San Francisco, Cal.
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